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**HARMONIZATION OF NATIONAL CUSTOMS POLICY WITH
INTERNATIONAL NORMS AND STANDARDS IN THE FIELD OF CUSTOMS**

Providing of the national interests of the state, built on steady development of economy and welfare of citizens, is the most essential function of the state. Forming of national interests of the state is conducted going out of principles of domestic and external policy. Orientation of vector of development of country on integration with the European Union accordingly forms and legislative innovations and mostly represent an orientation them to development and collaboration with the developed world.

Forming of institutes of civil society, national safety is in economic, social and humanitarian spheres, principles of foreign policy of Ukraine are certain Law of Ukraine «On principles of domestic and external policy». Basic principles of foreign policy on the indicated Law are providing of integration of Ukraine in European political, economic, legal space with the aim of acquisition of membership in European Union; support of strengthening of role of international law in international relations, providing of inhibition and implementation of operating, making of new principles and norms of international law.

A research purpose consists in the ground of necessity of acceleration of processes of harmonization of national legislation in a custom sphere to the international norms and standards.

Dialectical essence of customs policy determines the presence, in addition to national interests and national security, certain dynamical principles that reveal the content of national interests at this stage, and that guide the competent public authorities in developing customs policy and carrying it into practice. Such principles are the states stopped up in legislative acts on custom questions, position documents: messages of President, programs of activity of Cabinet of Ministers, other conceptual documents, programs of activity of political parties and public organizations.

To basic principles of customs policy of the state on the modern stage it maybe to take politics of harmonization and unitization of custom activity of Ukraine with the norms and standards generally accepted in international practice.

The impedimental factors of progressive development of custom business on the modern stage is economic, political and organizational instability of society, absence of system complex vision of further development of custom policy, her aims and priorities, absence of permanent reference-points of reforms at custom to the sphere, corruption constituent and defense of temporal departmental interests.

Ukraine's intention to integrate into the European economic and political space necessitates not only adapt national legislation to EU requirements, but as noted above, its harmonization and unification.

Harmonization of national customs policy and construction fundamentally the new system adapted to European, possible on condition of the positive converting into their mental and ethical aspects, warning and counteractions to the corruption in fiscal organs, increase of professional competence of officials.

The important aspect of imperfect customs policy is displacement of accents of work of customs to the fiscal orientation, focused to filling of the state budget. This is not conducive to the development of service functions and postpones the prospect of its development.

It maybe to assert in the context of the considered questions, that foreign trade in the conditions of globalization requires from the states to adapt to the external terms, present a country as able to join in world integration processes. Optimal terms for this purpose are inputs of foreign experience, optimization of customs policy, harmonization of customs legislation of country with an international legislation, and also effective reforms in the field of custom.